

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Version 5.1 Revision Date 03.01.2013

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Lead(II) nitrate

Product Number : 52-7492 Brand : Rapid

Index-No. : 082-001-00-6 CAS-No. : 10099-74-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Rapid Electronics,

Severalls Lane, Colchester, Essex.

CO4 5JS, United Kingdom

Telephone : +44 (0) 1206 751166 Fax : +44 (0) 1206 751188 E-mail address : sales@rapidelec.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +44 (0) 1206 751166

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]

Oxidizing solids (Category 2)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4)

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4)

Serious eye damage (Category 1)

Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2)

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1)

Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1)

#### Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Contact with combustible material may cause fire. May cause harm to the unborn child. Possible risk of impaired fertility. Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed. Danger of cumulative effects. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Pictogram

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

none

P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

Restricted to professional users.

# According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended.



Hazard symbol(s)

R-phrase(s)

R61 May cause harm to the unborn child.
R20/22 Also harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.
R 8 Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

R33 Danger of cumulative effects.
R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility.

S-phrase(s)

S53 Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and

seek medical advice.

S39 Wear eye/face protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately

(show the label where possible).

S60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/ Safety

data sheets.

Restricted to professional users.

#### 2.3 Other hazards - none

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances

Formula : N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>Pb Molecular Weight : 331.21 g/mol

Component		Concentration			
Lead nitrate Included in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)					
CAS-No.	10099-74-8	-			
EC-No.	233-245-9				
Index-No.	082-001-00-6				

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

# In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

## If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated., Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

# 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

nitrogen oxides (NOx), Lead oxides

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

# 5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel. Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

no data available

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters								
Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis				
Lead nitrate	10099-74-8	TWA	0.15 mg/m3	Europe.Chemical Agents Directive - Annex I: Binding occupational exposure limit values				
	Remarks	Binding						
		TWA	0.15 mg/m3	Europe.Chemical Agents Directive - Annex I: Binding occupational exposure limit values				
		Binding						

**Biological occupational exposure limits** 

Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological	Basis
Component	0710110.	l aramotoro	Value	- U	Basis
				specimen	
Lead nitrate	10099-74-8	Lead	0.7 mg/l	Blood	
	Remarks	Biological monitoring must include measuring the blood-lead lev (PbB) using absorption spectrometry or a method giving equivaler results., Medical surveillance is carried out if: - exposure to a concentration of lead in air is greater than 0,075 mg/m3, calcular as a time-weighted average over 40 hours per week, or - a blood lead level greater than 40 μg Pb/100 ml blood is measured in individual workers., Practical guidelines for biological monitoring and medical surveillance must be developed in accordance with article 12, paragraph 2. These include recommendations of biological indicators (e.g. ALAU, ZPP, ALAD) and biological monitoring strategies.			

# 8.2 Exposure controls

# **Appropriate engineering controls**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

# Personal protective equipment

# Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

# Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash protection

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de,

test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374. contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an Industrial Hygienist familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

## **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

# Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES 9.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Form: solid a)

Colour: white

b) Odour no data available Odour Threshold no data available d) Ha no data available

Melting point/freezing point

Melting point/range: 470 °C - dec.

f) Initial boiling point and no data available

boiling range g) Flash point no data available

no data available h) Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas) no data available

Upper/lower j) flammability or explosive limits no data available

no data available k) Vapour pressure Vapour density no data available

m) Relative density 4.53 g/cm3

n) Water solubility 500 g/l

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

no data available

no data available p) Auto-ignition temperature

q) Decomposition no data available temperature

no data available r) Viscosity Explosive properties no data available

t) Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is classified as oxidizing with the category 2.

# 9.2 Other safety information

Solubility in other solvents

Ethanol 0.4 g/IMethanol 13.3 g/I

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

## 10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong reducing agents, Organic materials, Powdered metals

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - no data available

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Intravenous - rat - 93 mg/kg

LD50 Intraperitoneal - mouse - 74 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

no data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

## Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

#### Carcinogenicity

IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humansRe-evaluation of inorganic lead compounds,

IARC Monograph (Vol. 87) (February 2004) (Lead nitrate)

2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead nitrate)

IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humansRe-evaluation of inorganic lead compounds,

IARC Monograph (Vol. 87) (February 2004) (Lead nitrate)

2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead nitrate)

# Reproductive toxicity

Known human reproductive toxicant

Developmental Toxicity - rat

Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Central nervous system.

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

no data available

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# **Aspiration hazard**

no data available

#### Potential health effects

**Inhalation** Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed.

**Skin** Harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

**Eyes** Causes eye burns.

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated., Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality.

# **Additional Information**

RTECS: OG2100000

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 1.5 mg/l - 96.0 h

LC50 - Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 0.4 - 1.3 mg/l - 96.0 h

Toxicity to daphnia and

other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0.5 - 2.0 mg/l - 48 h

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# 14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 1469 IMDG: 1469 IATA: 1469

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: LEAD NITRATE IMDG: LEAD NITRATE IATA: Lead nitrate

# 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 5.1 (6.1) IMDG: 5.1 (6.1) IATA: 5.1 (6.1)

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: yes IMDG Marine Pollutant: yes IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture no data available

# 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

no data available

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Further information**

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product