

# KRYLEX KP707 POLYOLEFIN PRIMER (LIQUID)

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# Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: KRYLEX KP707 POLYOLEFIN PRIMER (LIQUID)

Index number: 01-005-701
Product code: KP707

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of substance / mixture: Solvent-based primer for treating surfaces prior to bonding with cyanoacrylate adhesives

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Chemence Ltd

Princewood Road

Earlstree Industrial Estate

Corby

Northants

NN17 4XD

United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0) 1536 402 600

Fax: +44 (0) 1536 400 266

Email: technical@chemence.com

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency tel: +44 (0) 1536 402 600 (9am - 5.30pm)

# Section 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP: Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT

SE 3: H336

Most important adverse effects: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long

lasting effects.

# 2.2. Label elements

Label elements:

Hazard statements: H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

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H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictograms: GHS02: Flame

GHS07: Exclamation mark GHS08: Health hazard GHS09: Environmental









Signal words: Danger

Precautionary statements: P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P243: Take action to prevent static discharges.

P261: Avoid breathing vapours.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

# 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards: In use, may form flammable / explosive vapour-air mixture.

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

# Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.2. Mixtures

# Hazardous ingredients:

# HYDROCARBONS, C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS - REACH registered number(s): 01-2119475515-33

EINECS	CAS	PBT / WEL	CLP Classification	Percent
927-510-4	-	-	Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H336;	>80%
			Aquatic Chronic 2: H411	

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#### TETRAHYDROFURAN - REACH registered number(s): 01-2119444314-46-....

203-726-8	109-99-9	-	Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Carc. 2: H351; STOT SE 3: H335; -:	0.1-1%
			EUH019	

#### Section 4: First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin contact: Wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. Remove all contaminated clothes and

footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.

Eye contact: Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth with water. Transfer to hospital as soon as

possible.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If

unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. Consult a

doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact. Prolonged or repeated contact

may cause defatting of the skin, which can lead to dermatitis.

Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness.

Ingestion: Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which can be fatal. There

may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be difficulty

swallowing. Nausea and stomach pain may occur. There may be vomiting. Inhalation of

fumes from the stomach may cause symptoms similar to direct inhalation.

Inhalation: Drowsiness or mental confusion may occur. Absorption through the lungs can occur

causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate / special treatment: Not applicable.

# Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Alcohol or polymer foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide. Use water spray to cool containers.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: In combustion emits toxic fumes. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide /

carbon monoxide. Forms explosive air-vapour mixture.

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#### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

# Section 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Refer to section 8 of SDS for personal protection details. Evacuate the area immediately.

Eliminate all sources of ignition. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Absorb into dry earth or sand. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for

disposal by an appropriate method. Do not use equipment in clean-up procedure which

may produce sparks.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections: Refer to section 8 of SDS.

# Section 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Avoid the formation or spread of mists in

the air. Do not handle in a confined space. Avoid direct contact with the substance.

Smoking is forbidden. Use non-sparking tools.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep away

from direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Ensure lighting and electrical equipment are not a source of ignition. The floor of the storage room must be

impermeable to prevent the escape of liquids.

Suitable packaging: Stainless steel. Glass. Aluminium containers.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): No data available.

# Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Hazardous ingredients:

HYDROCARBONS, C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS

Workplace exposure limits:

#### Respirable dust

State	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL
UK	500ppm	-	-	-

#### **TETRAHYDROFURAN**

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# **DNEL/PNEC Values**

DNEL / PNEC No data available.

# 8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Ensure lighting and electrical equipment

are not a source of ignition. Ensure all engineering measures mentioned in section 7 of

SDS are in place.

Respiratory protection: Gas/vapour filter, type A: organic vapours (EN141). Self-contained breathing apparatus

must be available in case of emergency.

Hand protection: Butyl gloves. Impermeable gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses. Ensure eye bath is to hand.

Skin protection: Protective clothing.

Environmental: The floor of the storage room must be impermeable to prevent the escape of liquids.

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Liquid

Colour: Colourless

Odour: Light, paraffinic

Evaporation rate: Fast

Oxidising: Non-oxidising (by EC criteria)

Solubility in water: Insoluble

Also soluble in: Petroleum ether.

Viscosity: Non-viscous

Kinematic viscosity: 0.42

Viscosity test method: Kinematic viscosity in 10-6 m2/s at 40°C (ISO 3104/3105)

Boiling point/range°C: 94-99 Flammability limits %: lower: 1

upper: 7 Flash point°C: -5

Part.coeff. n-octanol/water: est. 4.7 Autoflammability°C: 215

Vapour pressure: 5kPa @20C; 21kPa@50C

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Relative density: 0.71

pH: Not applicable.

#### 9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

Decomposition may occur on exposure to conditions or materials listed below.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Sources of ignition. Flames. Hot surfaces. Direct sunlight.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide.

# Section 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# Hazardous ingredients:

#### HYDROCARBONS, C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS

IHL	RAT	LC50	>23.3	mg/l
ORL	RAT	LD50	>5840	mg/kg
SKN	RAT	LD50	>2920	mg/kg

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IPR	MUS	LD50	1900	mg/kg
IPR	RAT	LD50	2900	mg/kg
ORL	RAT	LD50	1650	mg/kg

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#### Relevant hazards for product:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Hazardous: calculated
STOT-single exposure	-	Hazardous: calculated
Aspiration hazard	-	Hazardous: calculated

# Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact. Prolonged or repeated contact

may cause defatting of the skin, which can lead to dermatitis.

Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness.

Ingestion: Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which can be fatal. There

may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be difficulty

swallowing. Nausea and stomach pain may occur. There may be vomiting. Inhalation of

fumes from the stomach may cause symptoms similar to direct inhalation.

Inhalation: Drowsiness or mental confusion may occur. Absorption through the lungs can occur

causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

# Section 12: Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

# Hazardous ingredients:

# HYDROCARBONS, C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS

RAINBOW TROUT (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	96H LC50	>13.4	mg/l
Daphnia magna	48H EC50	3	mg/l

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: Only slightly biodegradable.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: Bioaccumulation potential is low.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: Highly volatile. Floats on water. Insoluble in water. Readily absorbed into soil.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: Toxic to aquatic organisms.

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# Section 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal

company.

Recovery operations: Use principally as a fuel or other means to generate energy.

Disposal of packaging: After draining, leave to vent in a safe place away from sources of ignition and heat.

Beware of vapours remaining in empty drums that may ignite. May be reused following decontamination. Dispose of in a regulated landfill site or other method for hazardous or

toxic wastes

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations

regarding disposal.

# Section 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

UN number: UN1993

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(HYDROCARBONS, C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS)

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 3

# 14.4. Packing group

Packing group: II

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: Yes Marine pollutant: No

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special precautions: No special precautions.

Tunnel code: D/E
Transport category: 2

# Section 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Specific regulations: \* Not applicable.

# 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture

by the supplier.

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#### Section 16: Other information

# Other information

Other information: \* This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No

2015/830.

\* indicates text in the SDS which has changed since the last revision.

Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: EUH019: May form explosive peroxides.

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer ( $\{\{0|||\text{message}=<\text{state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>|||filter=(_)?$ 

EXP\_ROUTE\_.+}}}).

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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