WINSTAR Display

OLED SPECIFICATION

Model No:

WEX025664BLPP3N00000

SPECIFICATION Version: M

CUSTOMER :

MODULE NO. : WEX025664BLPP3N00000

APPROVED BY:

(FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY)

SALES BY	APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY
RELEASE DATE:			

MODEL NO:

REC	ORDS OF REV	ISION	DOC. FIRST ISSUE
VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	SUMMARY
0	2011/11/18		First issue
A	2012/01/11		Correct Electrical Characteristics & Mechanical Drawing
В	2013/05/23		Correct Brightness
С	2013/06/20		Correct IDD
D	2013/07/22		Correct IDD and Brightness
E	2013/09/17		Correct Module dimension and Electrical Characteristics and life time.
F	2014/01/10		Add information of Module Life Time
G	2014/04/24		Correct contour drawing.
Н	2014/05/20		Correct Electrical Characteristics
I	2014/05/30		Correct Electrical Characteristics
J	2014/06/12		Add Low Temperature storage.
K	2015/11/09		Modify Life Time.
L	2016/03/23		Modify Static electricity test
М	2016/05/04		Modify Interface Pin Function.

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1.Module Classification Information

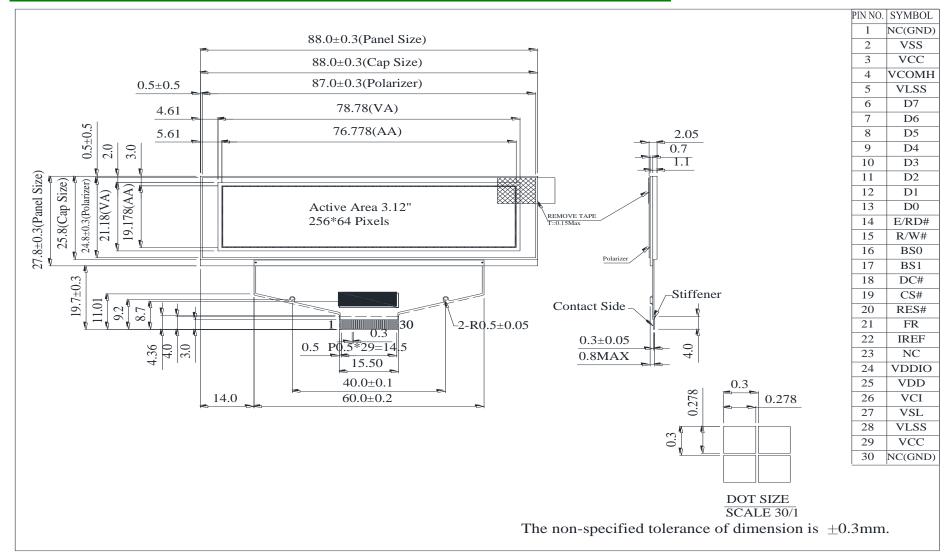
$\underline{W} \stackrel{E}{\frown} \underline{X} \stackrel{O25664}{\clubsuit} \underline{B} \stackrel{L}{\frown} \underline{P} \stackrel{P}{\frown} \underline{3} \stackrel{N}{\textcircled{}} \underline{0} \stackrel{O}{\textcircled{}} \underbrace{0} \stackrel{O00}{\textcircled{}}$

0	Ô Ô (4							
1	Brand : WINSTAR [Brand : WINSTAR DISPLAY CORPORATION						
2	E:OLED							
3	Display Type : $H \rightarrow Character Type$, $G \rightarrow Graphic Type$, $X \rightarrow Tab Type$, $O \rightarrow Cog Type$							
4	Dot Matrix : 256 *	64						
5	Serials code							
		A : Amber R : RED						
6	Emitting Color	B : Blue W : White						
		G : Green L : Yellow						
7	Polarizer P: With Polarizer; N: Without Polarizer							
8	Display Mode	P: Passive Matrix; A: Active Matrix						
9	Driver Voltage 3: 3.0 V; 5: 5.0V							
10	Touch Panel	N: Without touch panel; T: With touch panel						
11	Products type	 0 : Standard type 1. Sunlight Readable type 2. Transparent OLED (TOLED) 3. Flexible OLED 4. OLED for Lighting 						
12	Product grades	Product grades: 0 : Standard(A-level) 2 : B-level 3 : C-level 4 : high class(AA-level) 5 : Customer offerings						
13	Serial No.	Application serial number(00~ZZ)						

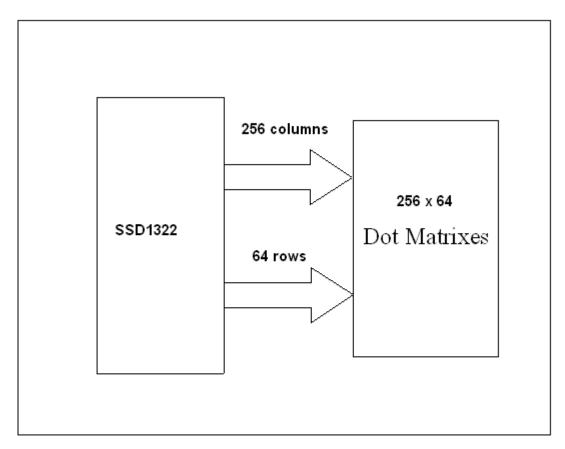
2.General Specification

Item	Dimension	Unit		
Dot Matrix	256 x 64 Dots	-		
Module dimension	88.0 × 27.8 × 2.05	mm		
Active Area	76.778×19.178	mm		
Pixel Size	0.278×0.278	mm		
Pixel Pitch	0.3×0.3	mm		
Display Mode	Passive Matrix			
Display Color	Yellow			
Drive Duty	1/64 Duty			
IC	SSD1322			

3. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram



FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



*For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by Winstar

4. Interface Pin Function

Pin Number	Symbol	I/O	Function
Power Sup	oply		
26	VCI	P	Power Supply for Operation This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source & always be equal to or higher than VDD & VDDIO.
25	VDD	Ρ	Power Supply for Core Logic Circuit This is a voltage supply pin. It can be supplied externally (within the range of 2.4~2.6V) or regulated internally from VCI. A capacitor should be connected between this pin & VSS under all circumstances.
24	VDDIO	Ρ	Power Supply for I/O Pin This pin is a power supply pin of I/O buffer. It should be connected to VDD or external source. All I/O signal should have VIH reference to VDDIO. When I/O signal pins (BS0~BS1, D0~D7, control signals) pull high, they should be connected to VDDIO.
2	VSS	Р	Ground of Logic Circuit This is a ground pin. It also acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to external ground.
3,29	VCC	Р	Power Supply for OLED Panel These are the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. They must be connected to external source.
5,28	VLSS	Ρ	<i>Ground of Analog Circuit</i> These are the analog ground pins. They should be connected to VSS externally.
Driver		1	
22	IREF		<i>Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment</i> This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 10uA.
4	VCOMH	P	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A tantalum capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
27	VSL	Ρ	Voltage Output Low Level for SEG Signal This is segment voltage reference pin. When external VSL is not used, this pin should be left open. When external VSL is used, this pin should connect with resistor and diode to ground.

Testing Pad	ls					
21	FR	0	This pin is No Connection pins. N	othing should	d be conn	ected to
			this pin. This pin should be left op		lly.	
16	BS0	Ι	Communicating Protocol Select	t		
17	BS1		These pins are MCU interface sel	ection input.	See the fo	ollowing
			table:			
			<u> </u>	BS0	BS1]
			3-wire SPI	1	0	
			4-wire SPI	0	0	-
			8-bit 68XX Parallel	1	1	-
			8-bit 80XX Parallel	0	1	-
20	RES#		Power Reset for Controller and	-	1	
20	INLO#	1	This pin is reset signal input. When		low initiali	ization
			of the chip is executed.		iow, initial	
19	CS#	1	Chip Select			
			This pin is the chip select input. 1	he chip is er	nabled for	MCU
			communication only when CS# is			
18	D/C#	1	Data/Command Control			
			This pin is Data/Command contro	ol pin. When	the pin is	pulled
			high, the input at D7~D0 is treate	d as display	data.	
			When the pin is pulled low, the in	put at D7~D	0 will be	
			transferred to the command regis	ster. For deta	il relations	ship to
			MCU interface signals, please re	fer to the		
			Timing Characteristics Diagrams			
14	E/RD#	1	Read/Write Enable or Read		_	
			This pin is MCU interface input.		•	
			68XX-series microprocessor, this			
			Enable (E) signal. Read/write ope		lated wher	n this
			pin is pulled high and the CS# is		thia nin r	
			When connecting to an 80XX-min the Read (RD#) signal. Data read	•	•	
			this pin is pulled low and CS# is	•		WIIEII
			When serial mode is selected, th		e connect	ed to
			VSS.	is pin must b	e connect	
15	R/W#	1	Read/Write Select or Write			
			This pin is MCU interface input.	Vhen interfac	cing to a	
			68XX-series microprocessor, this		•	
			Read/Write (R/W#) selection inpu	it. Pull this p	in to "High	" for
			read mode and pull it to "Low" for	write mode.	-	
			When 80XX interface mode is se	lected, this p	in will be t	the
			Write (WR#) input. Data write op		iated whei	n this
			pin is pulled low and the CS# is p			_
			When serial mode is selected, th VSS.	is pin must b	e connect	ed to
6~13	D7~D0	I/O	Host Data Input/Output Bus			
			These pins are 8-bit bi-directiona	l data bus to	be conne	cted to
			the microprocessor's data bus. W			
			D1 will be the serial data input SI			
			clock input SCLK.			
			WEX025664BLPP3N00000		百,土 24 百	

			Unused pins must be connected to VSS except for D2 in serial mode.
Reserve			
23	N.C.	-	Reserved Pin The N.C. pin between function pins are reserved for compatible and flexible design.
1,30	N.C. (GND)	-	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin) The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.

5.Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Operation	VCI	-0.3	4	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	-0.5	2.75	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for I/O Pins	VDDIO	-0.5	VCI	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	-0.5	20	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	80	°C	-
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	80	С°	-

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6 "Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate

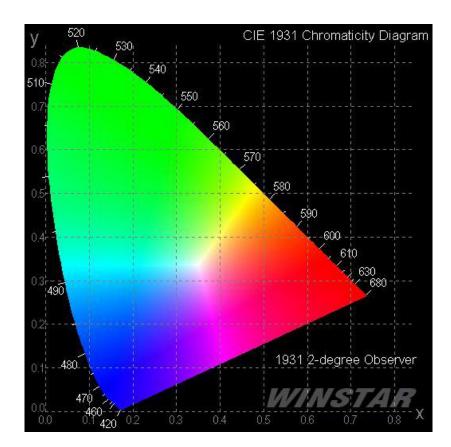
6.Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Operation	VCI	Note	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	_	14	14.5	15	V
High Level Input	VIH	_	0.8×V _{DDIO}	_	V _{DDIO}	V
Low Level Input	VIL		0	_	$0.2 \times V_{DDIO}$	V
High Level Output	VOH	_	$0.9 \times V_{DDIO}$	_	V _{DDIO}	V
Low Level Output	VOL	_	0	—	0.1×V _{DDIO}	V
50% Check Board operating	Current	VCC =14.5V	23	25	32	mA

Note: Supply Voltage for Logic = VDD core power supply can be regulated from VCI.

7.Optical Characteristics

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ		160			deg
	(H)φ		160			deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1			_
	T rise	-		10		μs
Response Time	T fall	—		10		μs
Display with 50% check	Board Bri	ghtness	100	120		cd/m2
CIEx(Yellow)		(CIE1931)	0.45	0.47	0.49	
CIEy(Yellow)		(CIE1931)	0.48	0.50	0.52	



8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25℃ / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	50,000 Hrs	_	Note

Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.

9.Reliability

Content of Reliability Test

Environmenta	I Test		
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80℃ 240hrs	
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40℃ 240hrs	
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80℃ 240hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40℃ 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60°C ,90%RH 240hrs	
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -40°C25°C80°C 30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-40℃/80℃ 100 cycles	
Mechanical Te	st		
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	10~22Hz→1.5mmp-p 22~500Hz→1.5G Total 0.5hr	
Shock test	Constructional and mechanical endurance test applying the shock during transportation.	50G Half sin wave 11 ms 3 times of each direction	
Atmospheric pressure test	Endurance test applying the atmospheric pressure during transportation by air.	115mbar 40hrs	
Others			
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal.	VS=±600V(contact) ±800v(air), RS=330Ω CS=150pF 10 times),

*** Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25° C

Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within \pm 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:

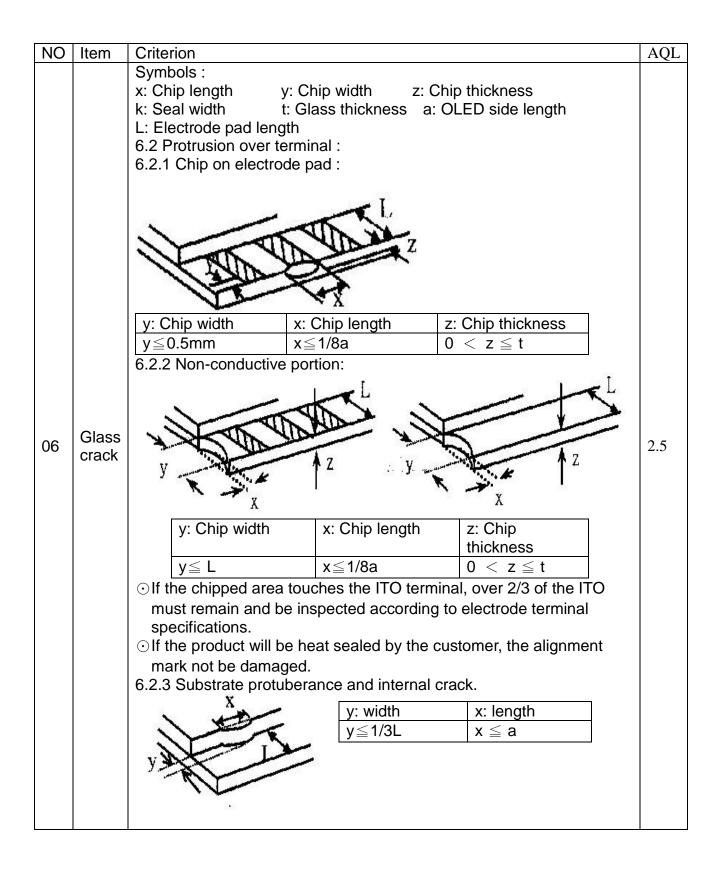
RESIDUE IMAGE

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.

10.Inspection specification

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL		
01	Electrical Testing	 1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 OLED viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect. 			0.65		
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	 2.1 White and black spots on display ≤0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm. 		2.5			
03	OLED black spots, white spots, contamina tion (non-displ ay)	3.1 Round type if following drawing $\Phi = (x + y) / 2$			SIZE $\Phi \le 0.10$ 0.10 < $\Phi \le 0.20$ 0.20 < $\Phi \le 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi$	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2 1 0	2.5
		3.2 Line type : (A	As followin Length L≦3.0 L≦2.5 	Wi W: 0.0	awing) dth ≤ 0.02 $2 < W \leq 0.03$ $3 < W \leq 0.05$ 05 < W	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2 As round type	2.5
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are vis judge using blac specifications, n to find, must che specify direction	k spot ot easy eck in	Φ 0.2 0.5 1.0	$ze \Phi$ ≤ 0.20 $20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$ $50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$ $00 < \Phi$ tal Q TY	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 3 2 0 3	2.5

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL	
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination				
			t: Glass thickness a	Chip thickness : OLED side length		
		6.1 General glass chi 6.1.1 Chip on panel s		ween panels:		
06	Chipped	z: Chip thickness Z≦1/2t	y: Chip width Not over viewing area	x: Chip length x≦1/8a	2.5	
	glass	$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed 1/3k	x≦1/8a		
		 If there are 2 or more chips, x is total length of each chip. 6.1.2 Corner crack: 				
		z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length		
		Z≦1/2t	Not over viewing area	x≦1/8a		
		$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed 1/3k	x≦1/8a		
		\odot If there are 2 or mo	ore chips, x is the tota	I length of each chip.		



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	 8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong. 	
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	2.5 0.65
10	РСВ、СОВ	 10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down. 	 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 2.5
11	Soldering	 11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB. 	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
	General appearance	12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.	2.5
		12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.	0.65
		12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on	2.5
		product.	2.5
		12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.	2.5
		12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the	
		interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the	2.5
12		interface pin to sever.	
		12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or	2.5
		chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.	0.65
		12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.	0.65
		12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.	0.65
		12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.	
		12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on	0.65
		packaging specification sheet.	
		12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to	
		product specification sheet.	

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Pixel C Dark Pixel

11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

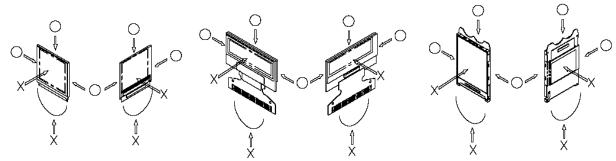
Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2)Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
- (3)Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4)Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5)Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (6)Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7)Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.
- (9)Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time..
- (10)Winstar has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (11)Winstar have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Winstar have the right to modify the version.)

11.1. Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
 - * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
 - Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent
 - such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.
 - Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:
 - * Water
 - * Ketone
 - * Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts.

These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



(7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.

(8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.

(9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.

(10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.

- * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.

* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.

(11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.

(12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

11.2. Storage Precautions

(1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments.

(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Winstar.

At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.

(2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

11.3. Designing Precautions

(1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.

(2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.

(3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)

(4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.

(5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.

(6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.

(7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.

* Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

11.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

11.5. Other Precautions

- (1) When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern may remain as an after image or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.
- (2) To protect OLED display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
- * Pins and electrodes
- * Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- (3) With this OLED display module, the OLED driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
- * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
- * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- (4) Although this OLED display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.
- (5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (6)Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.
- (7)Our company will has the right to upgrade and modify the product function.